**Supplemental Table 1.** Associations between cumulative total fruit intake in midlife and late-life groups and risk of Alzheimer’s disease (AD) dementia

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Midlife (52 AD dementia cases/1,642 participants** | **Late-life (160 AD dementia cases/1,148 participants)** |
| **Total fruit intake percentile** | **Hazard ratio****(95% CI)** | **p-value** | **Hazard ratio****(95% CI)** | **p-value** |
|  **Binary categorical** |  |  |
|  **≤30th percentile (Low)** | 1.00(Reference) | -- | 1.00(Reference) | -- |
|  **>30th percentile (High)** | 0.77(0.41 – 1.44)\* | 0.41 | 1.26(0.87 – 1.81)\* | 0.22 |
|  | 0.70(0.34 – 1.44)† | 0.33 | 1.10(0.73 – 1.67)† | 0.64 |
| **Three-level categorical** |  |  |
|  **≤30th percentile (Lowest)** | 1.00(Reference) | -- | 1.00(Reference) | -- |
|  **>30th to 70th percentile (Moderate)** | 0.90(0.43 – 1.88)\* | 0.77 | 1.38(0.94 – 2.03)\* | 0.11 |
|  | 0.85(0.36 – 2.05)† | 0.72 | 1.20(0.78 – 1.85)† | 0.40 |
|  **>70th percentile (Highest)** | 0.68(0.33 – 1.40)\* | 0.29 | 1.11(0.73 – 1.69)\* | 0.63 |
|  | 0.60(0.26 – 1.38)† | 0.23 | 0.95(0.58 – 1.54)† | 0.83 |

CI: Confidence interval

\*Unadjusted model

†Adjusted for age, sex, education, body mass index, physical activity, smoking, diabetes, hypertension, stroke, ApoE genotype, and total energy intake

**Supplemental Table 2.** Associations between cumulative total fruit intake in midlife and late-life groups and risk all-cause dementia, with death as a competing risk

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Midlife (52 AD dementia cases/1,642 participants** | **Late-life (160 AD dementia cases/1,148 participants)** |
| **Total fruit intake percentile** | **Hazard ratio****(95% CI)** | **p-value** | **Hazard ratio****(95% CI)** | **p-value** |
|  **Binary categorical** |  |  |
|  **≤30th percentile (Low)** | 1.00(Reference) | -- | 1.00(Reference) | -- |
|  **>30th percentile (High)** | 0.59(0.33 – 1.06)\* | 0.08 | 1.10(0.80 – 1.53)\* | 0.55 |
| **Three-level categorical** |  |  |
|  **≤30th percentile (Lowest)** | 1.00(Reference) | -- | 1.00(Reference) | -- |
|  **>30th to 70th percentile (Moderate)** | 0.62(0.33 – 1.18)\* | 0.15 | 1.12(0.80 – 1.59)\* | 0.51 |
|  **>70th percentile (Highest)** | 0.56(0.27 – 1.15)\* | 0.12 | 1.08(0.72 – 1.60)\* | 0.72 |

CI: Confidence interval

\*Adjusted for age, sex, education, body mass index, physical activity, smoking, diabetes, hypertension, stroke, ApoE genotype, and total energy intake

**Supplemental Table 3.** Associations between cumulative individual fruit intakes in midlife and late-life groups and risk of Alzheimer’s disease (AD) dementia

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Midlife** | **Late-life** |
| **Individual fruit intake (high vs. low)\***  | **Hazard ratio****(95% Confidence interval)†** | **p-value** | **Hazard ratio****(95% Confidence interval)†** | **p-value** |
|  **Raisins or grapes** | 0.50(0.25 – 1.00) | 0.05 | 0.74(0.52 – 1.05) | 0.09 |
|  **Prunes** | 0.74(0.34 – 1.61) | 0.45 | 0.75(0.53 – 1.06) | 0.10 |
|  **Bananas** | 1.56(0.67 – 3.63) | 0.30 | 0.92(0.62 – 1.36) | 0.68 |
|  **Apples or pears** | 0.67(0.33 – 1.37) | 0.27 | 0.66(0.46 – 0.94) | 0.02 |
|  **Apple juice or cider** | 1.16(0.58 – 2.28) | 0.67 | 1.00(0.72 – 1.40) | 0.98 |
|  **Oranges** | 0.53(0.27 – 1.04) | 0.07 | 0.86(0.60 – 1.24) | 0.43 |
|  **Orange juice** | 1.47(0.65 – 3.31) | 0.35 | 1.20(0.81 – 1.77) | 0.35 |
|  **Grapefruit** | 1.37(0.66 – 2.83) | 0.40 | 0.69(0.48 – 0.98) | 0.04 |
|  **Grapefruit juice** | 1.39(0.76 – 2.55) | 0.29 | 0.76(0.54 – 1.07) | 0.11 |
|  **Strawberries** | 1.20(0.55 – 2.59) | 0.65 | 0.77(0.54 – 1.12) | 0.17 |
|  **Blueberries** | 0.93(0.44 – 1.98) | 0.85 | 0.68(0.47 – 0.97) | 0.04 |
|  **Peaches, apricots, or plums** | 0.89(0.44 – 1.83) | 0.76 | 0.52(0.36 – 0.74) | <0.001 |

\*High group: >30th percentile; and Low group: ≤30th percentile (Reference)

†Adjusted for age, sex, education, body mass index, physical activity, each specific fruit item, smoking, diabetes, hypertension, stroke, ApoE genotype, and total energy intake

**Supplemental Table 4.** Dose-response associations between cumulative individual fruit intakes in midlife and late-life groups and risk of Alzheimer’s disease (AD) dementia

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Midlife** | **Late-life** |
| **Individual fruit intake (highest vs. moderate vs. lowest)\*** | **Hazard ratio****(95% Confidence interval)†** | **p-value** | **Hazard ratio****(95% Confidence interval)†** | **p-value** |
|  **Raisins or grapes** |  |  |
|  **Highest** | 0.29(0.11 – 0.78) | 0.02 | 0.58(0.38 – 0.88) | 0.01 |
|  **Moderate** | 0.67(0.32 – 1.40) | 0.29 | 0.95(0.64 – 1.42) | 0.80 |
|  **Prunes** |  |  |
|  **Highest** | 0.69(0.28 – 172) | 0.43 | 0.61(0.30 – 1.21) | 0.15 |
|  **Moderate** | 0.86(0.25 – 1.72) | 0.80 | 0.79(0.54 – 1.14) | 0.21 |
|  **Bananas** |  |  |
|  **Highest** | 1.33(0.49 – 3.61) | 0.58 | 0.85(0.55 – 1.30) | 0.45 |
|  **Moderate** | 1.68(0.70 – 4.05) | 0.24 | 1.03(0.66 – 1.61) | 0.89 |
|  **Apples or pears** |  |  |
|  **Highest** | 0.54(0.24 – 1.22) | 0.14 | 0.60(0.40 – 0.90) | 0.01 |
|  **Moderate** | 0.91(0.40 – 2.11) | 0.83 | 0.73(0.48 – 1.11) | 0.14 |
|  **Apple juice or cider** |  |  |
|  **Highest** | 1.13(0.51 – 2.49) | 0.76 | 0.91(0.60 – 1.39) | 0.67 |
|  **Moderate** | 1.19(0.52 – 2.74) | 0.68 | 1.09(0.74 – 1.62) | 0.66 |
|  **Oranges** |  |  |
|  **Highest** | 0.51(0.23 – 1.11) | 0.09 | 0.85(0.56 – 1.30) | 0.46 |
|  **Moderate** | 0.56(0.24 – 1.29) | 0.18 | 0.87(0.58 – 1.32) | 0.52 |
|  **Orange juice** |  |  |
|  **Highest** | 1.39(0.62 – 3.11) | 0.43 | 0.94(0.60 – 1.45) | 0.76 |
|  **Moderate** | 1.73(0.76 – 3.91) | 0.19 | 1.28(0.85 – 1.94) | 0.23 |
|  **Grapefruit** |  |  |
|  **Highest** | 1.07(0.44 – 2.60) | 0.88 | 0.55(0.36 – 0.84) | 0.005 |
|  **Moderate** | 1.64(0.74 – 3.61) | 0.22 | 0.87(0.58 – 1.31) | 0.52 |
|  **Grapefruit juice** |  |  |
|  **Highest** | 1.33(0.67 – 2.65) | 0.42 | 0.69(0.42 – 1.14) | 0.15 |
|  **Moderate** | 1.50(0.68 – 3.31) | 0.32 | 0.80(0.54 – 1.18) | 0.26 |
|  **Strawberries** |  |  |
|  **Highest** | 1.08(0.43 – 2.74) | 0.86 | 0.74(0.48 – 1.15) | 0.18 |
|  **Moderate** | 1.27(0.56 – 2.92) | 0.57 | 0.80(0.54 – 1.19) | 0.27 |
|  **Blueberries** |  |  |
|  **Highest** | 0.61(0.23 – 1.64) | 0.33 | 0.48(0.30 – 0.76) | 0.002 |
|  **Moderate** | 1.12(0.51 – 2.46) | 0.77 | 0.83(0.57 – 1.22) | 0.35 |
|  **Peaches, apricots, or plums** |  |  |
|  **Highest** | 0.62(0.25 – 1.58) | 0.32 | 0.46(0.30 – 0.72) | 0.001 |
|  **Moderate** | 1.11(0.52 – 2.39) | 0.78 | 0.56(0.38 – 0.84) | 0.005 |

\*Highest group: >70th percentile; Moderate group: >30th to 70th percentile; and Lowest group: ≤30th percentile (Reference)

†Adjusted for age, sex, education, body mass index, physical activity, each specific fruit item, smoking, diabetes, hypertension, stroke, ApoE genotype, and total energy intake